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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for treating a contaminated fluid comprising the steps of: packing a column with a cellulose-based material;

passing said contaminated fluid through said packed column where

contaminants are adsorbed onto said cellulose-based material until said cellulose-based material is spent;

removing said spent cellulose-based material; and
composting said spent cellulose-based material to reduce the volume of
spent cellulose-based material and degrade and concentrate said contaminants.

- 2. The method of Claim 1, wherein said cellulose-based material is selected from the group consisting of hay, wood, chips, peat, nut shells and kenaf.
- 3. The method of Claim 1, wherein said contaminated fluid is passed through said column by up-flow hydraulics.
 - 4. The method of Claim 1, wherein said composting occurs on-site.
- 5. The method of Claim 2, wherein said cellulose-based material is kenaf fibers.
- 6. The method of Claim 1, wherein said contaminated fluid is selected from the group consisting of contaminated water and air.
- 7. The method of Claim 1, wherein said composted material is substantially free from biodegradable contaminants.
- 8. The method of Claim 1, wherein said contaminants are selected from the group consisting of organic contaminants and inorganic contaminants.

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- 9. The method of Claim 8, wherein said organic contaminants are selected from the group consisting of TNT, phenols, PCBs, petroleum products, MTBE, chlorinated solvents, and ketones.
- 10. The method of Claim 8, wherein said inorganic contaminants are selected from the group consisting of cadmium, chromium, arsenic, mercury, nickel, copper, zinc, lead, nitrate, ammonia and phosphates.
 - 11. The method of Claim 7, wherein over 50% of the spent material is reduced.
- 12. The method of Claim 5, wherein over 75% of said contaminants in said contaminated fluid is removed.
 - 13. The method of Claim 1, wherein over 75% of said contaminants in said contaminated fluid is removed.
 - 14. The method of Claim 1, wherein non-biodegradable adsorbates within said composted cellulose-based material are formed into a solid matrix.